Identifying novel markers to differentiate frontotemporal dementia from Alzheimer's

dise	ease
-	urodegenerationresearch.eu/survey/identifying-novel-markers-to-differentiate-frontotemporal-dement
	eimers-disease/ me of Fellow
	Fiona Kumfor
	stitution nder
NH	IMRC
	ntact information of fellow untry
Aus	stralia
Titl	le of project/programme
lde	entifying novel markers to differentiate frontotemporal dementia from Alzheimer's disease
So	urce of funding information
NH	IMRC
Tot	tal sum awarded (Euro)
€ 4	109,723
Sta	art date of award
01/	/01/16
Tot	tal duration of award in years
4.0	
The	e project/programme is most relevant to:
Alz	cheimer's disease & other dementias

Keywords

dementia | diagnosis | emotion | neurophysiology | neuroimaging

Research Abstract

In people under 65 years of age, frontotemporal dementia and Alzheimer's disease are equally common. Distinguishing between these different types of dementia is extremely challenging. Patients can present with similar symptoms, even when the underlying dementia cause (i.e., brain pathology) is different. Inaccurate diagnosis means patients cannot access appropriate treatments, as these become available. I will develop novel tests of social function to improve the diagnosis of dementia syndromes.

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Fellowships

Member States:

Australia

Diseases:

Alzheimer's disease & other dementias

Years:

2016

Database Categories:

N/A

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